

# 2012-2013 THIRD QUARTER REPORT

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Minister of Finance

February 2013

#### 2012-2013 Third Quarter Report

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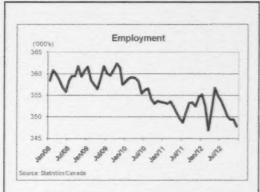
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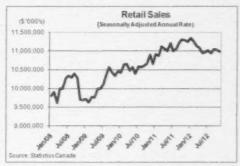
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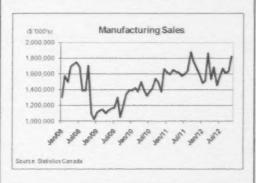
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## 2012 Economic Update







New Brunswick Eco	nomic In	dicators	
	2010	2011	2012
Real GDP*	3.1	0.0	0.7
Primary Household Income*	2.6	3.9	2.7
Employment	-0.9	-1.2	-0.2
Unemployment Rate (%)	9.3	9.5	9.9
Consumer Price Index	2.1	3.5	1.7
Source: Statistics Canada * 2012 Forecast % chg unless otherwise indicated			

- The World Bank estimates global GDP grew 2.3 per cent in 2012 reporting that the global economy remains fragile. High-income countries continue to suffer from volatility and slow growth, while developing countries recorded among their slowest growth rates of the past decade.
- Real GDP in the U.S. increased 2.2 per cent in 2012 as gains in personal consumption expenditures, investment and exports offset declines in government spending. U.S. housing starts grew by 28% for the year and reached a level of construction not seen since 2008.
- The Bank of Canada is now projecting real GDP growth of 1.9% in 2012 as weakness in exports and business investment resulted in a slowdown in the Canadian economy in the second half of the year.
- The Department of Finance expects real GDP growth of 0.7% for New Brunswick in 2012, a level consistent with expectations among private sector forecasters
- Employment for the year declined by 600 as full-time job gains (+1,500) were not enough to offset part-time job losses (-2,100).
- Wages and salaries grew by less than
   2.0% and trailed the national growth rate.
- Consumer spending continued to soften in the third quarter. Through the first ten months of the year, retail sales were unchanged when compared to year-earlier levels.
- After a slow start to the year, manufacturing sales have posted gains in four of the last five months.
- Housing starts in the province's urban centres are up 3.4% over year-earlier levels.
   Multi-unit construction in Moncton and modest gains in the smaller urban centres contributed to an improved residential construction sector.
- Consumer inflation in the province has averaged 1.7 per cent, slightly higher than the national growth rate of 1.5 per cent.

## 2012-2013 Fiscal Update

Based on third quarter information, a revised deficit of \$411.1 million is projected for 2012-2013. This is an increase of \$228.2 million compared to the budget deficit of \$182.9 million and a \$54.4 million increase from the second quarter report.

Net debt is projected to increase by \$955.9 million year-over-year, an increase of \$216.9 million from the budget estimate of \$738.9 million and a \$44.4 million increase from the second quarter.

Revenues are projected to be \$195.8 million lower than budget mainly due to a weakened economy. The major variances include:

- Personal Income Tax is down \$126.1 million because of a reduced yield from the tax system, resulting in a significant negative prior year adjustment and a lower forecast base; as well as weaker income growth.
- Royalties are down \$32.0 million because of weakened demand and lower prices for potash and a weakening demand for pulp wood.
- Return on Investment is down \$19.0 million mainly due to lower projected net income for the New Brunswick Electric Finance Corporation as a result of the latest estimates provided by NB Power, and lower projected net income for the New Brunswick Liquor Corporation because of lower-than-anticipated sales.
- Sale of Goods and Services is down \$17.7 million due to less revenue for the Consolidated Entities.
- Corporate Income Tax is down \$17.4 million largely due to a negative prior year adjustment.
- Tobacco Tax is down an estimated \$15.0 million due to lower sales.
- Capital Revenue is down \$8.4 million mainly due to lower-than-anticipated land sales.
- Canada Health Transfer is down \$7.5 million due to revised federal estimates.
- Harmonized Sales Tax is projected to increase \$30.2 million due to positive prioryear adjustments for the 2008-2012 taxation years.
- Miscellaneous Revenue is up \$14.8 million mainly due to higher-than-anticipated revenue from the Consolidated Entities.
- Special Operating Agency Revenue is up \$6.3 million primarily due to projected increased federal funding for agreements with the Regional Development Corporation.

## 2012-2013 Fiscal Update

Total expenses are projected to be \$32.3 million higher than budget. This is mainly due to the following:

- \$5.0 million decrease in the Department of Economic Development due to a projected under-expenditure in the Strategic Assistance Program.
- \$77.4 million increase in General Government mainly the result of an increase in pension expense due to the adoption of new actuarial mortality tables, which were updated for the first time in nearly a decade.
- \$15.6 million decrease in the Department of Health due to a number of savings and cost containment initiatives in the health care system.
- \$21.8 million decrease in the Department of Post-Secondary Education, Training and Labour mainly due to decreased uptake in employment development programs (offset by lower revenue).
- \$5.9 million increase in the Department of Public Safety due to higher than budgeted expenses in the Police, Fire and Emergency Services program.
- \$5.6 million decrease in Service of the Public Debt mainly due to borrowing later in the fiscal year than anticipated.
- \$12.1 million decrease in the Department of Social Development mainly due to projected under-expenditures in the Long Term Care and Housing Services programs.
- \$15.8 million increase in the Department of Transportation and Infrastructure primarily due to delays in achieving some government renewal savings initiatives and cost pressures related to increased commodity prices.
- \$13.3 million in projected under-expenditures across a number of other departments, partially offset by projected over-expenditures in others.

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF SURPLUS OR DEFICIT Thousands

5

	Yea			
	2013 Estimate	2013 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	2013 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	Variance from Estimate
Revenue				
Ordinary Account	7,422,001	7,286,669	7,226,258	(195,743)
Capital Account	232,822	231,707	224,383	(8,439)
Special Purpose Account	63,512	67,701	65,501	1,989
Special Operating Agency Account (net)	73,726	83,230	80,075	6,349
Sinking Fund Earnings		221,000	221,000	0
Total Revenue	8,013,061	7,890,307	7,817,217	(195,844)
Expense				
Ordinary Account	7,662,367	7,709,118	7,692,505	30,138
Capital Account	52,799	52,722	56,842	4,043
Special Purpose Account	70,794	74,164	71,303	509
Special Operating Agency Account (net)	71,086	72,034	68,808	(2,278)
Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets	338,921	338,919	338,835	(86)
Total Expense	8,195,967	8,246,957	8,228,293	32,326
Surplus (Deficit)	(182,906)	(356,650)	(411,076)	(228,170)

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF ORDINARY ACCOUNT REVENUE BY SOURCE Thousands

\$

	Yea			
	2013 Estimate	2013 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	2013 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	Variance from Estimate
Taxes				
Personal Income Tax	1,317,400	1,231,000	1,191,300	(126,100)
Corporate Income Tax	223,600	215,200	206,200	(17,400)
Metallic Minerals Tax	40,000	40.000	35,000	(5,000)
Provincial Real Property Tax	469,400	469,400	469,400	0
Harmonized Sales Tax	1,135,400	1,120,400	1,165,600	30,200
Gasoline and Motive Fuels Tax	247,300	247,300	243,000	(4,300)
Tobacco Tax	150,000	145,000	135,000	(15,000)
Pari-Mutuel Tax	600	600	600	0
Insurance Premium Tax	43,746	45,400	45,900	2,154
Real Property Transfer Tax	13,600	12,600	11,000	(2,600)
Large Corporation Capital Tax	0	0	(49)	(49)
Financial Corporation Capital Tax	23,125	28,000	28,000	4,875
Sub-total: Taxes	3,664,171	3,554,900	3,530,951	(133,220)
Return on Investment	300,581	292,887	281,558	(19,023)
Licences and Permits	135,124	133,998	133,853	(1,271)
Sale of Goods and Services	296,173	277,774	278,439	(17,734)
Lottery and Gaming Revenues	142,938	145,938	145,938	3,000
Royalties	121,670	112,605	89,660	(32,010)
Fines and Penalties	8,233	8,178	8,507	274
Miscellaneous	24,690	32,833	39,449	14,759
TOTAL: OWN SOURCE REVENUE	4,693,580	4,559,113	4,508,355	(185,225)
Unconditional Grants – Canada				
Fiscal Equalization Payments	1,597,700	1,597,700	1,597,700	0
Canada Health Transfer	637,200	629,700	629,712	(7,488)
Canada Social Transfer	257,400	257,400	257,197	(203)
Wait Times Reduction Transfer	5,422	5,422	5,423	1
Other	1,866	1,866	1,866	0
Sub-total: Unconditional Grants - Canada	2,499,588	2,492,088	2,491,898	(7,690)
Conditional Grants – Canada	228,833	235,468	226,005	(2,828)
TOTAL: GRANTS FROM CANADA	2,728,421	2,727,556	2,717,903	(10,518)
TOTAL: GROSS ORDINARY REVENUE	7,422,001	7,286,669	7,226,258	(195,743)

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF ORDINARY ACCOUNT EXPENSE Thousands

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rear	Endina	March	31

DEPARTMENT	2013 Estimate	2013 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	2013 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	Varian from Est	imate	
				\$	%	
Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fisheries		43,255	40,755	772	1.9%	1
Economic Development	105,401	105,401	100,401	(5,000)	-4.7%	1
Education and Early Childhood			4 070 000		0.007	
Development	1,071,133	1,081,733	1,073,062	1,929	0.2%	į
Efficiency New Brunswick	11,819	11,819	11,819	0	0.0%	- ,
Energy and Mines	7,392	7,392	7,133	(259)	-3.5%	1
Environment and Local Government	138,768	138,512	140,151	1,383	1.0%	1
Executive Council Office	18,441	18,111	17,941	(500)	-2.7%	1
Finance	20,206	19,106	18,706	(1,500)	-7.4%	1
General Government	608,764	645,515	686,165	77,401	12.7%	1
Government Services	59,457	60,157	59,457	0	0.0%	
Health	2,583,815	2,583,815	2,568,258	(15,557)	-0.6%	1
Healthy and Inclusive Communities	10,095	10,095	10,192	97	1.0%	1
Human Resources	4,123	4,073	4,048	(75)	-1.8%	1
Invest NB	14,637	14,437	10,607	(4,030)	-27.5%	1
Justice and Attorney General	63,286	62,181	61,786	(1,500)	-2.4%	1
Legislative Assembly	26,173	26,133	26,451	278	1.1%	1
Natural Resources	108,252	105,865	103,845	(4,407)	-4.1%	1
Office of the Premier	1,655	1,645	1,625	(30)	-1.8%	1
Post-Secondary Education, Training and						
Labour	588,302	570,310	566,488	(21,814)	-3.7%	1
Public Safety	142,290	148,290	148,190	5,900	4.1%	-
Service of the Public Debt	672,000	672,000	666,400	(5,600)	-0.8%	1
Social Development	1,051,925	1,051,925	1,039,825	(12,100)	-1.2%	1
Tourism, Heritage and Culture	41,177	40,527	40,177	(1,000)	-2.4%	1
Transportation and Infrastructure	273,273	286,821	289,023	15,750	5.8%	1
TOTAL	7,662,367	7,709,118	7,692,505	30,138	0.4%	

<sup>✓</sup> Projected under-expenditure

The 2013 Estimates were restated to include departmental transfers and reorganization.

The increase in General Government is mainly the result of an estimated \$53 million increase in pension expense due to the adoption of new actuarial mortality tables.

<sup>!</sup> Projected over-expenditure

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET DEBT Thousands

\$

	Year Ending March 31			14-1
	2013 Estimate	2013 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	2013 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	Variance from Estimate
Surplus (Deficit)	(182,906)	(356,650)	(411,076)	(228,170)
Acquisition of Tangible Capital Assets	(894,961)	(893,728)	(883,629)	11,332
Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets	338,921	338,919	338,835	(86)
(Increase) Decrease in Net Debt	(738,946)	(911,459)	(955,870)	(216,924)